Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to Comply with OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be

HMIS

HEALTH

REACTIVITY

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Hazard Communication Standard. Consulted for specific requirements

FLAMMABILITY PERSONAL PROTECTION Identity (As Used On Label and List) Date Prepared A1056 No Sweat 11-01-2012 Section I Manufactured for: Emergency Telephone Number: OMEGA INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY, INC 1-800-424-9300 Address (Number, Street, Suite/Apt#) **Telephone Number for Information:** 101 Grobric Ct #1 1-800-571-7347 **Signature of Prepare (Optional)** REGULATORY DEPT. (City, State, and Zip Code) Fairfield, CA 94534 Section II - Ingredients / Identity Information Components (Specific Chemical Identity, Common Name(s)) CAS No. OSHA PEL ACGIH-TLV %(Wt.) Trichloroethylene * 79-01-6 50 ppm 50 ppm 20 - 40%Parachlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6 N/E 10 - 20%Stearic Acid 57-11-4 N/E N/E 01 - 10%Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 N/E N/E 01 - 10%Liquified Petroleum Gas 68476-85-7 1000 ppm 1000 ppm 20 - 40%This product is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III of 40 CFR 372 Section III - Physical Chemical Characteristics **Boiling Point** Specific Gravity ($H_2O = 1$) @ 75°F ~ 160°F 1.358 Vapor Pressure of can (psig @ 70°F) Melting Point 50 _ Vapor Density (Air=1) Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) Solubility in Water pН Slight N/A Appearance and Odor-Total VOC % ~ 74.5% Viscous White liquid/solvent Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data Flash Point (Conc.) ~ 114°F Flammability (as per USA Flame Projection Test) Extremely-Flammable Spray UEL Extinguishing Media - Foam, CO2, dry media. Fire and Explosion Hazards - Exposure to temperature above 120°F may cause bursting Special Fire Fighting Procedures - Wear self-contained breathing apparatus & protective clothing. Cool fire exposed containers to prevent rupturing. Section V - Reactivity Data Stability: Conditions to Avoid -Hazardous Stable X Unstable May Occur Will Not Occur Polymerization: Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts - Carbon monoxide decomposition of Chlorinated compounds may result in Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) - Strong oxidizing agents. chlorine containing gases including but not limited to, phosgene. Section VI - Health Hazard Data Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Eyes - May cause mild irritation including redness, burning and tearing. Skin-Frequent or prolonged contact may cause irritation Inhalation — Inhalation of mist can cause irritation of nasal and respiratory passages. Abusive or excessive inhalation may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract, dizziness, nausea and other central nervous system effects. Ingestion Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis. Emergency and First Aid Procedures. Eiges—Flush with large amounts of cool running water for at least 15 minutes while holding upper and lower lids open. If irritation persists get medical attention immediately. Skin—Wash with soap and water. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

Inhalation—Remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention immediately. If breathing stops give artificial respiration. Ingestion - Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled. Allow propellant to evaporate. Maintain local exhaust and adequate ventilation. No smoking. Keep sparks, heat sources and open flame far away from spill or leak. Cover with absorbent material and sweep up. Wash area to prevent slipping. Dispose of soaked absorbent material in accordance with Federal, State and local laws. Waste Disposal Method - Aerosol cans, when emptied and depressurized through normal use, pose no disposal hazard and should be recycled. Consult Federal, sate and local authorities for approved pro Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing -Store in a cool, dray area away from heat or open flame. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. Section VIII - Control Measures Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) -Ventilation - Provide local exhaust to keep air concentrations of ingredients listed in Section II None needed for proper use in accordance with label directions. below acceptable limits Other protective Clothing or Equipment -Protective Gloves Eye Protection - Always wear safety glasses or chemical proof

Work/Hygienic Practices - Observe good hygiene. Wash hands thoroughly after product use, eating, drinking, and using restrooms, etc.

Use chemical resistant gloves if hand contact will be made.

goggles when working with any chemical.